

Revisiting Commonly
Missed Quiz Concepts

### **Announcements**

#### Re: Assignments:

- EX07: Linked List Utility Functions due tomorrow
  - Want help? Please visit:
    - Office Hours: 11am–5pm today and tomorrow (in SN008)
    - Tutoring: 5-7pm today (in SN011)
    - (no OH or Tutoring Wednesday–Sunday)

```
"""Some functions!"""

def perimeter(length: float, width: float) -> float:
    """A curious function."""
    return 2 * length + 2 * width
    return length * width + 4

def square_perimeter(side: float) -> float:
    """Another curious function."""
    print("Calculating...")
    return perimeter(length=side, width=side)

print(square_perimeter(side=4.0))
```

What line(s) would be unreachable in this code listing? Why?

Which operator has the highest precedence, meaning it will be evaluated first, in an expression with the following operators?

- $\bigcirc$  or
- $\bigcirc$  >
- $\bigcirc$  and
- $\bigcirc$  not

# Logical / Boolean Operators

Expression	Evaluation
False <b>or</b> False	False
True <b>or</b> False	True
False <b>or</b> True	True
True <b>or</b> True	True

Expression	Evaluation
False and False	False
True <b>and</b> False	False
False <b>and</b> True	False
True <b>and</b> True	True

Expression	Evaluation
not False	True
<b>not</b> True	False

## **Precedence (highest to lowest):**

- 0. Arithmetic operators (PEMDAS)
- 1. Relational Operators
- 2. Not
- 3. And
- 4. Or

```
1 roster: dict[int,str] = {4: "Davis", 22: "Lubin", 30: "Mayo", 110: "Rameses"}
2 final_four: set[int] = {2016, 2017, 2022}
3 chant: list[str] = ["U", "N", "C"]
```

What will be printed?

```
for c in chant:
  print(f"{c}!")
```

. What will be printed?

```
def say(uni: list[str]) -> str:
   letters: str = ""
   for char in uni:
     letters += char
   return letters
print(say(chant))
```

```
Consider the following code listing:
```

```
Write an expression that accesses the list [50, 60] stored in the two_d variable.
```

```
Consider the following code listing:
```

Write an expression that accesses the value 40 stored in the two\_d variable.

Consider the following code listing:

Quiz 02

```
animals: list[str] = ["fox", "bear", "rabbit"]
ints: list[int] = [1, 1, 1, 1]
two_d: list[list[int]] = [[10, 20], [30, 40], [50, 60]]
```

Write a sequence of 3 assignment statements that will swap the values of the 0 and 1 index in animals. You will need to declare and initialize a temporary variable.

```
antimate. For wife free decisive und informative a temperary variable.
```

```
class Pet:
     name: str
3
     age: int
 4
     def __init__(self, n: str, a: int):
5
       self.name = n
       self.age = a
   class Person:
10
     name: str
11
     pets: list[Pet]
13
     def __init__(self, n: str, pets: list[Pet]):
14
       self.name = n
15
       self.pets = pets
16
17
     def adopt(self, new_pet: Pet) -> None:
18
       print(f"{self.name} adopted {new_pet.name}!")
19
       self.pets.append(new_pet)
21 | farah: Person = Person(n = "Farah", pets = [])
   ella: Pet = Pet("Ella", 1)
23 farah.adopt(ella)
```